

Model/Modelo: MZC-KZ

Protective Face Mask FFP2 NR

Mascarilla Facial Filtrante FFP2 NR

Antibacterial sanitary hot air Non-woven, melt blown cloth.

3D design according to the contour of the face, increase space for mouth and nose, reduce respiratory resistance. Fitting Adult 's facial form.

Tejido no tejido, antibacteriano, de aire caliente, tela soplada por fusión. Diseño 3D según el contorno de la cara, aumenta el espacio para boca y nariz, reducen la resistencia respiratoria. Ajuste facial para adultos





Five Protection Layers / Cinco Capas de Protección

3 layers of / 3 capas de:

Non-woven fabric Tela no tejida

2 Layers of / 2 capas de:

Polypropylene melt blown fabric Tejido de polipropileno fundido soplado

Specification / Especificaciones

Particulate Filtration Efficiency (PFE)

Eficiencia de filtración de partículas PFE @ 0.3 µm large particules ≥ 98%

Recommendations for use /Recomendaciones uso

Not Reusable filter mask, during 12 hours useful or one labor shift Mascarilla filtrante no reutilizable, usable hasta 12 horas o un turno de trabajo

.....

They should not be shared. No deben compartirse.

Material / Material

Melt Blown:

Polypropilene Polipropileno

Polyurethane-polylactic acid Poliuretano-Ácido poliláctico

Other laver:

Non woven fabric Tela no tejida

Strap: Metallic clip:

Elastane Aluminium Elastano Aluminio



Certificates / Certificados

Espec. **EN 149:2001+A1:2009**

Respiratory Protective Devices. Filtering Half Masks to

protect against Particles

Packing / Embalaje

60 pcs (12bag/bolsa x 5pcs)

Box dimension / Dimensiones caja

162x121x286mm

Carton / Caja master

20 box/ caja (1200pcs) 615x615x340mm



INSTRUCCIONES DE LAS MASCARILLAS

IMPORTANTE:

Antes de leer la información que se detalla a continuación compruebe qué tipo de mascarilla tiene intención de utilizar. Es responsabilidad del usuario elegir el modelo de mascarilla que le proporcione el nivel de protección adecuado frente al tipo y concentración del contaminante o contaminantes presentes en la zona de trabajo en la que va a desarrollar su actividad. Las máscaras filtrantes cumplen con la siguiente certificación EN 149:2001+A1:2009



INSTRUCCIONES DE USO:

- Coloque la mascarilla y verifique la estanquidad antes de entrar en el área contaminada.
- Lleve la mascarilla puesta durante todo el tiempo de exposición a los contaminantes.
- Use la mascarilla de acuerdo a las regulaciones aplicables de salud y seguridad.
- Deseche la mascarilla y sustitúyala por una nueva si: la mascarilla se retira mientras está en el área contaminada, si la obstrucción excesiva de la mascarilla causa dificultad o incomodidad para respirar, si la mascarilla se daña (para mascarillas que protegen contra vapores, el olor del vapor se vuelve detectable).
- Salga del área contaminada si se marea, nota irritación u otro malestar.
- Válida sólo para un uso. No se necesita mantenimiento. No lo almacene/reutilice después de cada uso.
- Deseche la mascarilla después de cada uso (1 turno de trabajo como máximo).
- No apto para niños. Solo uso en adultos.

INSTRUCCIONES DE COLOCACIÓN:

- 1. Coloque la mascarilla en la mano, permitiendo que las bandas cuelguen libremente.
- 2. Sostenga la mascarilla debajo de la barbilla con la pieza metálica de aluminio nasal mirando hacia afuera.
- 3. Coloque las bandas por detrás de las orejas.
- 4. Moldee la pieza metálica de aluminio nasal a la forma de la cara, pasando las puntas de los dedos de ambas manos desde la parte superior de la nariz hacia ambos lados mientras presiona hacia adentro.
- 5. Verifique la estanqueidad (ajuste facial), como sigue: Coloque ambas manos sobre la mascarilla y exhale. Debe haber presión positiva dentro de la mascarilla. Si siente que el aire escapa alrededor de los bordes vuelva a ajustar el respirador apretando en la nariz.

LIMITACIONES DE USO:

No use las mascarillas, ni entre o permanezca en la zona de riesgo si:

- La mascarilla está deteriorada
- La concentración de oxígeno es inferior al 17% (en volumen)
- Desconoce la naturaleza y/o concentración del agente contaminante o si ésta es inmediatamente peligrosa para la salud y/o la vida.
- La concentración de partículas supera los límites fijados por la legislación aplicable o si ésta es superior a 12,5 veces el valor TLV/MAC/OEL del contaminante(s).
- Detecta la presencia de gases o vapores en la zona de riesgo, en cuyo caso deberá emplear una mascarilla con carbón activo y en ese caso la concentración del contaminante deberá ser inferior a su valor TL/MAC/OEL.

AVISO IMPORTANTE:

No usar en caso de incendio. Estos EPI no aportan oxígeno. No usar en atmósferas con baja concentración de oxígeno, por ejemplo, en tanques o zonas poco ventiladas. No utilizar en atmósferas explosivas. En caso de usuarios con alguna característica física especial o vello facial abundante (barbas, bigotes o patillas) es muy probable que no se alcancen los requisitos necesarios para conseguir un correcto ajuste de la mascarilla. Durante el transporte mantener el equipo en su embalaje original y alejado de riesgos mecánicos y químicos.

ALMACENAMIENTO:

Mantenga las mascarillas sin usar en su embalaje cerrado y guárdelas en un área seca no contaminada entre -20 y +40ºC a una humedad relativa por debajo del 75%.



NB 2163

EU TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE

Certificate No: 2163 - PPE - 667

Respiratory protective devices, filtering half masks to protect against particles manufactured for

DISTRIBUZIONE JUNIOR SRL

Via Pace, 25/26 - 80047 San Giuseppe Vesuviano (Na) ITALY manufactured at

MEIZHUANGCHEN HEALTH TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD

Meizhuangchen Health Technology (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd No.12, Yuhe Road, Shiyan Town, Baoan District, Shenzhen, China.

are tested and evaluated according to

EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Respiratory Protective Devices - Filtering Half Masks to Protect Against Particles - Requirements, Testing, Marking

Based on the type examination conducted with the evaluation of test reports, technical file according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 5, it is approved that the product meets the requirements of the regulation.

Product Definition

Branda: ENHANCE Model: ENKN95-001 Filtering half mask Total Inwards Leakage: Class – FFP2

Here by the manufacturer is allowed to use notified body number (2163) and can fix CE mark, as shown below, on the Category III product models given above, with;

- Issuing an appropriate EU Declaration of Conformity according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 9.
- Ongoing successful performance in fulfilment of the requirements set out in Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and harmonised standards, ensured by assessments based on Annex 7 (Module C2) or Annex 8 (Module D) of the regulation no later than 1 year from the beginning of serial production

This certificate is initially issued on **08** / **05** /**2020** and will be valid for 5 years, if there is no change in the relevant harmonised standard affecting the essential health and safety requirements.

CE

Suat KAÇMAZ
UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION
Director



NB 2163

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

Certificate Nr: 2163 - PPE - 667/01

Respiratory protective devices, filtering half masks to protect against particles manufactured for

DISTRIBUZIONE JUNIOR SRL

Via Pace, 25/26 - 80047 San Giuseppe Vesuviano (Na) ITALY manufactured at

MEIZHUANGCHEN HEALTH TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD

Meizhuangchen Health Technology (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd No.12, Yuhe Road, Shiyan Town, Baoan District, Shenzhen, China.

Continues to fulfil the requirements of

EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Respiratory Protective Devices - Filtering Half Masks to Protect Against Particles - Requirements, Testing, Marking

Based on the evaluation of test reports and internal quality control audit reports according to EN 149+A1:2009 and Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex VII (Module C2). This certificate implies that the manufactured products show below are in conformance with the approved EU Type Examination model and meets the requirements of the regulation.

Product Definition

B4 - J - I	Model Class EU'			Certificate
Model	Class	Serial Nr.	Date	Issuing NB Nr.
ENKN95-001	FFP2	2163-PPE-667	08.05.2020	2163

Here by the manufacturer is allowed to use notified body number (2163) and can fix CE mark, as shown below, on the Category III product models given above, with;

- Issuing an appropriate EU Declaration of Conformity according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 9.
- Taking all measures necessary so that the manufacturing process and its monitoring ensure the homogeneity of production and conformity of the manufactured PPE with the type described in the EU type examination certificate.

This certificate is issued on 08/05/2020 and will be valid for one year, until 07/05/2021 if the manufacturer makes no major change in the product designs and manufacturing processes affecting the product performance on the essential health and safety requirement.

Suat KAÇMA UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION Director



TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

REPORT DATE / NO: 08.05.2020 / KKD-2163-667

Client: DISTRIBUZIONE JUNIOR SRL

Centre Address: Via Pace, 25/26 - 80047 San Giuseppe Vesuviano (Na), ITALY Manufacturer: MEIZHUANGCHEN HEALTH TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

Manufacturing Address: Meizhuangchen Industrial Park, 12 Yuhe Road, Shiyan Town, Baoan District, Shenzhen, CHINA

This report is to the above mentioned firm with the NATIONAL PROTECTIVE TESTING LLC firm's 25.04.2020 numbered NPT20040712681 test report and the test results which have been obtained according to the EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 standards of the product specified in this report, its relation was evaluated with Essential Requirements of Personel Protective Equipments and the results were found to be appropriate.

This report is an annex and an inseparable part of the EU Type Examination Certificate No. 2163 - PPE - 667 issued to the company. The test results and issued certificate belong only to the tested product. The technical report consists of a total of 7 pages.

Product Description: Particle Filtering Half Mask

Total Inward Leakage: Classification - FFP2

Trademark: ENHANCE Model: ENKN95-001



12.12.2012 UFR-383 Rev. 00



THE CLAUSES OF EN 149: 2001 + AF: 2009 STANDARD RELATED TO EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVE EU 2016/425 REQUIREMENTS

1.1. Design principles

1.1.1. Ergonomics

PPE must be so designed and manufactured that in the foreseeable conditions of use for which it is intended the user can perform the risk related activity normally whilst enjoying appropriate protection of the highest prossible level.

1.1.2. Levels and classes of protection

1.1.2.1. Highest level of protection possible

The optimum level of protection to be taken into account in the design is that beyond which the constraints by the wearing of the PPE would prevent its effective use during the period of exposure to the risk or normal performance of the activity.

1.1.2.2. Classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk

Where differing foreseeable conditions of use are such that several levels of the same risk can be distinguished, appropriate classes of protection must be taken into account in the design of the PPE.

1.2. Innocuousness of PPE

1.2.1. Absence of risks and other inherent nuisance factors

PPE must be so designed and manufactured as to preclude risks and other nuisance factors under fore seeable conditions of use.

1.2.1.1. Suitable constituent materials

The materials of which the PPE is made, including any of their possible decomposition products, must not adversely affect the health or safety of users.

1.2.1.2. Satisfactory surface condition of all PPE parts in contact with the user

Any part of the PPE that is in contact or is liable to come into contact with the user when the PPE is worn must be free of rough surfaces, sharp edges, sharp points and the like which could cause excessive irritation or injuries

1.2.1.3. Maximum permessible user impediment

Any inpediment caused by PPE to movements to be made, postures to be adopted and sensory perception must be minimized; nor must PPE cause movements which endanger the user or other persons.

1.3 Comfort and effectiveness

1.3.1. Adaptation of PPE to user morphology

PPE must be designed and manufactured in such a way as to facilitate its correct positioning on the user and to remain in place for the foreseeable period of use, bearing in mind ambient factors, the actions to be carried out and the postures to be adopted. For this purpose, it must be possible to adapt the PPE to fit the morphology of the user by all appropriate means, such as adequate adjustment and attachment systems or the provision of an adequate range of sizes.

1.3.2. Lightness and design strength

PPE must be as light as possible without prejudicing design strength and efficiency.

Apart from the specific additional requirements which they must satisfy in order to provide adequate protection against the risks in question (see 3), PPE must be capable of withstanding the effects of ambient phenomena inherent under the foreseeable conditions of use

1.4. Information supplied by the manufacturer

The notes that must be drawn up by the former and supplied when PPE is placed on the market must contain all relevant information on:

- a) In addition to the name and addressof the manufacturer and/or his authorized representative established in the Community
- b) Storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, servicing and disinfection, cleaning, maintenance or disinfectant protection recommended by manufacturers must have no adverse effect on PPE or users when applied in accordance with the relevant instructions;
- c) Performance as recorded during technical tests to check the levels or classes of protection provided by the PPE in guestion;
- d) Suitable PPE accessories and the characteristics of appropriate spare parts;
- e) The classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk and the corresponding limits of use;
- f) The obsolescence deadlineor period of obsolescence of PPEor certain of its components;
- g) The type of packaging suitable for transport;
- h) The significance of any markings(see 2.12)
- i) Where appropriate the references of the Directives applied inaccordance with Article5(6) (b);
- j) The name, address and identification number of the notified body involved in the design stage of the PPE

These notes, which must be precise and comprehensible, must be provided at least in the official language(s) of the member state of destination

UNIVERSAL SERTIFIKASYON VE GÖZETİM HİZM. TİC. LTD. ŞTİ. Keyap Ticaret Merkezi, Necip Fazıl Bulvarı, E2 Blok, No:44/84 Y. Dudullu - Ümraniye - İSTANBUL T:+90 216 455 80 80 F:+90 216 455 80 08 info@universalcert.com

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2.1. PPE incorporating adjustment systems

If PPE incorporates adjustment systems, the latter must be designed and manufactured so that, after adjustment, they do not become undone unintentionally in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.3. PPE for the face, eyes and respiratory system

Any restriction of the user's face, eyes, field of vision or respiratory system by the PPE shall be minimised.

The screens for those types of PPE must have a degree of optical neutrality that is compatible with the degree of precision and the duration of the activities of the user.

If necessary, such PPE must be treated or provided with means to prevent misting-up.

Models of PPE intended for users requiring sight correction must be compatible with the wearing of spectacles or contact lenses.

2.4. PPE subject to ageing

If it is known that the design performance of new PPE may be significantly affected by ageing, the month and year of manufacture and/or, if possible, the month and year of obsolescence must be indelibly and unambiguously marked on each item of PPE placed on the market and on its packaging.

If the manufacturer is unable to give an undertaking with regard to the useful life of the PPE, his instructions must provide all the information necessary to enable the purchaser or user to establish a reasonable obsolescence month and year, taking into account the quality level of the model and the effective conditions of storage, use, cleaning, servicing and maintenance.

Where appreciable and rapid deterioration in PPE performance is likely to be caused by ageing resulting from the periodic use of a cleaning process recommended by the manufacturer, the latter must, if possible, affix a marking to each item of PPE placed on the market indicating the maximum number of cleaning operations that may be carried out before the equipment needs to be inspected or discarded. Where such a marking is not affixed, the manufacturer must give that information in his instructions.

2.6. PPE for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

PPE intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres must be designed and manufactured in such a way that it cannot be the source of an electric, electrostatic or impact-induced arc or spark likely to cause an explosive mixture to ignite.

2.8. PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations

The instructions supplied by the manufacturer with PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations must include, in particular, data intended for competent, trained persons who are qualified to interpret them and ensure their application by the user.

The instructions must also describe the procedure to be adopted in order to verify that PPE is correctly adjusted and functional when worn by the user. Where PPE incorporates an alarm which is activated in the absence of the level of protection normally provided, the alarm must be designed and placed so that it can be perceived by the user in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.9. PPE incorporating components which can be adjusted or removed by the user

Where PPE incorporates components which can be attached, adjusted or removed by the user for replacement purposes, such components must be designed and manufactured so that they can be easily attached, adjusted and removed without tools.

2.12. PPE bearing one or more identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety

The identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety affixed to these types or classes of must preferably take the form of harmonized pictograms or ideograms and must rem ain perfectly legible throughout the foreseeableuseful life of the PPE. In addition, these marks must be complete, precise and comprehensible so as to prevent any misinterpretation; in particular, where such marks incorporate words or sentences, the latter must appear in the official language(s) of the Member State where the equipment is to be used.

If PPE (or a PPE component) is too small to allow al lor part of the necessary marking to be affixed, the relevant information must be mentioned on the packing and in the manufacturer's notes.

3. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO PARTICULAR RISKS

3.10.2. Protection against cutaneous and ocular contact

PPE intended to prevent the surface contact of all or part of the body with substances and mixtures which are hazardous to health or with harmful biological agents must be capable of preventing the penetration or permeation of such substances and mixtures and agents through the protective integument under the foreseeable conditions of use for which the PPE is intended.

To this end, the constituent materials and other components of those types of PPE must be chosen or designed and incorporated so as to ensure, as far as possible, complete leak-tightness, which will allow where necessary prolonged daily use or, failing this, limited leak-tightness necessitating a restriction of the period of wear.

Where, by virtue of their nature and the foreseeable conditions of their use, certain substances and mixtures which are hazardous to health or harmful biological agents possess high penetrative power which limits the duration of the protection provided by the PPE in question, the latter must be subjected to standard tests with a view to their classification on the basis of their performance. PPE which is considered to be in conformity with the test specifications must bear a marking indicating, in particular, the names or, in the absence of the names, the codes of the substances used in the tests and the corresponding standard period of protection. The manufacturer's instructions must also contain, in particular, an explanation of the codes (if necessary), a detailed description of the standard tests and all appropriate information for the determination of the maximum permissible period of wear under the different foreseeable conditions of use.

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Technical Assessment of EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 Standard and other Standards it refers to, Clauses Corresponding to the (EU) 2016/425 Directive

Irticle	Classification : P	article Filteri	ng Half Mask							
	1	otal Inward I	.eakage: Classif							
Irticle			alf masks are p	oackaged to pr	otect them from	n contaminatio	n before use an	d with cardb	oard boxes to prev	
.4	mechanical damag	e.								
	Material : Materi	als used in pa	article filtering l	nalf masks, acc	ording to the sir	nulated wearing	treatment and to	emperature co	nditioning reports;	
trucle	understood withst	and handling	and wear over	the period for	which the part	icle filtering ha	If mask is design	ned to be use	d, suffered mechan	
,5	failure of the face	piece or stra	ps, any materia	l from the filt	er media releas	ed by the air fl	ow through the	filter has not	constitute a hazard	
	nuisance for the w	earer.								
Irticle .6	Cleaning and Dis	infection : P	article filtering l	half mask is no	t designed to be	as re-usable.				
	Practical Perform	nance :								
		Assessed Elements		Positive	Neg	ative	Requirements in 149:2001 + A	n accordance A1:2009 and F		
	1.Th	face piece fi	itting	2		0				
Irticle	2.He	nd harness co	mfort	2		0 Po	sitive results sho	ould be obtain	ed from the	
.7		urity of faste		2		0		tests related t		
		ech clearnes	S	2		0	implementation	under real co	nditions.	
		ld of vision		2		0	No. 1	noufact!		
		terials compa	itibility	2		0	No im	perfections		
		with skin Conditioning: (A.R.) As Received, origi								
	Conditioning : (7	As Rece	aved, original							
rticle 8	Finish of Parts: burrs.	Particle filter	ing half masks,	which are like	ely to come into	contact with t	he user, do not l	nave sharp ed	ges and do not con	
,0	Total Inward Le	lkager								
	Test	No.of	Condition	1.Walk	Head	Head	Speech	2. Walk	Average	
	Subject	sample	A.D.	1.02	left /right	up /down		1.00		
	1 2	32	A.R A.R	4,93 4,99	5,12 5,38	4,77	5,16 5,56	4,88	4,97 5,13	
	3	34	A.R	4,84	5,44	4,90	5,69	4,83	5,14	
	4	35	A.R	4,60	5,53	4,75	5,49	4,83	5,03	
	5	36	A.R	4,99	5,69	4,81	5,75	4,88	5,22	
	6	16	T.C.	5,17	5,45	5,16	5,44	5,10	5,26	
rticle	7	17	T.C.	5,27	5,49	5,26	5,44	5,18	5,33	
9.1	8	18	T.C.	5,17	5,42	5,19	5,45	5,14	5,27	
	9	19	T.C.	5,25	5,49	5,25	5,46	5,33	5,36	
	10	20	T.C.	5,20	5,45	5,24	5,30	5,14	5,27	
			. V							
	Average			5,04	5,45	5,03	5,48	5,00	5,20	
	Min			4,60	5,12	4,75	5,16	4,77	4,97	
	Max			5,27	5,69	5,26	5,75	5,33	5,36	
	Conditioning: (A					Results P	(%) Leakage Va	lue		
		.C.) Tempera	ature conditioning	- Table 1	eee					
					meet with FFP	2 requirements	il			
	Penetration of fil	ter material:	Sodium Chlori	de Testing						
	Condition		, of	Sodium Chlor	Charles and the second	The second of th	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009		h Result	
			nple	95 L/min r	2 %	Lis 14	7,2001 + A1,200			
	(A.R.)	23		3,88				100		
	(A.R.)	24		3,91			EED 1		g half masks fulfill	
	(A.R.)	25		3,76			FFP1 ≤ 20 %		ements of the standa	
rticle	(S.W.)	1		3,85			EED2 < 4.0/		N 149:2001 + A1:20	
9.2	(S.W.)	3		4,17 4,22			FFP2 ≤ 6 %		n 7.9.2 in range of and second protection	
	(S.W.)	7		4,22			FFP3 ≤ 1 %	mst a	class	
	(M.S. T.C.) (M.S. T.C.)	8		4,64		-	1 1 2 1 70		(FFP1, FFP2)	
	LIVI O. I.C.)	0							(,)	
		0		1 22						
	(M.S. T.C.) Conditioning : (N	1 S.) Mechan		4,32				95 I /m	in = 1,6 dm ³ .sn ⁻¹	

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	Penetration of filte	er material:	: Parafifa Bil Test	Fig C ATIO	N				
	Conc	lition	No. of Sample	Paraffin Oil T 95 L/min ma		equirements in accordance ith EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	F	Result	
	(A	.R.)	26	4,25					
		.R.)	27	4,18			Filtering ha	lf masks fi	ilfill the
		.R.)	28	4,13		FFP1 ≤ 20 %	requiremen		
Irticle		W.)	4	3,92		AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	EN EN 149		
1.9.2		.W.)	5	3,88		FFP2 ≤ 6 %	given in 7.		
1.7.2		(S.W.) (M.S. T.C.)		3,95		FFP3 ≤ 1 %	first and s	ceond prot	ection
		T.C.)	10	4,14 4,10		FFF3 ≥ 1 70	Œ	P1, FFP2	· .
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. T.C.)	12	3,95			(,	
	Conditioning : (M.	(1) 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	20	5,75					
	(T. (A.	C.) Temperat R.) As Recei	ture Conditioning ved, original d wearing treatme	nt					
Article 7.10	Compatibility with adverse effect on he			e report, the likel	ihood of mask	materials in contact with the	skin causin	g irritation	or other
	Flammability:								
	Condition	No. of Sample	Vici	ual inspection	Requir	rements in accordance with E 149:2001 + A1:2009	EN	Result	
Article	(A.R.)	32		1,5		Filtering half mask		Passed	
1.11	(A.R.)	33		1,4		shall not burn or not	T2214	Filtering half masks fulf	
.11	(T.C.)	21		1,2	continue to burn for more than 5 s after			ing nair ma quirements	
	(T.C.) 22 1,3 more than 5 s after removal from the flame		100	standar					
	Conditioning : (A.	R.) As Recei	ved, original						
			ure Conditioning						
	Carbon dioxide co	ntent of the	inhalation air:		W				
	Condition	No. of Sample	CO ₂ content of the		An average CO ₂ content the inhalation	of Requirements in accord			esult
Article 7.12	(A.R.)	41	0,88	un un				Pa	assed
	(A.R.)	42	0,91			CO ₂ content of the inh	alation air		
	(A.R.)	43	0,84		0,88	shall not exceed an av 1,0% by volun	verage of	erage of	
	Conditioning: (A.	R.) As Recei	ved, original					500	induid
Article 1,13	Head harness: In position, for total in			No adverse effe	cts have been	reported for holding the m	ask of the	head harne	ess firmly
Article 7.14	Field of vision: In	Practical Per	formance report, h	No adverse effect	s were reported	I for the field of vision featur	res.		
	Breathing Resistar	nce: Inhalatio	on		Jubalatian Davi	otano (who)			
		The same of the sa			Inhalation Res	Stance (moat)	Requiren	nents in	Result
		No. of Sample	Flow Rate 30 L/min	accorda	irements in ance with EN 01 + A1:2009	Flow Rate 95 L/min	accordan EN 149: A1:2	ce with 2001 +	reduit
	(A.R.)	29	0,5			1,3			
	(A.R.)	30	0,4	171	FP1 ≤ 0,6	1,2	FFP1	< 21	
Irticle	(A.R.)	31	0,5	Fi	11 20,0	1,4	IIII	- 2,1	
.16	(S.W.)	1	0,5	FI	FP2 ≤ 0,7	1,3	FFP2	≤ 2,4	Passed
	(S.W.)	2	0,5			1,4			Lussell
	(S.W.) (T.C.)	3	0,5	F	FP3 ≤ 1,0	1,4 1,5	FFP3	≤3,0	
	(T.C.)	14	0,6			1,5	-		
	(T.C.)	15	0,5			1,3	-		
	Conditioning : (A.					.,,,	-		
	526	arts of	d wearing treatme	1000					

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Article 7.16

Condition No. of Sample			Exhalation Resistance				
		The dummy head position	Flow Rate 160 L/min	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result		
		Facing directly	2,3				
	_	Facing vertically upwards	2,2				
(A.R.) 29	29	Facing vertically downwards	2,1	FFP1 ≤3			
		Lying on the left side	2,3				
	Lying on the right side	2,0	FFP2 ≤ 3	Passed			
		Facing directly	2,2				
(A.R) 30	Facing vertically upwards	2,2	FFP3 ≤ 3				
	30	Facing vertically downwards	2,1				
		Lying on the left side	2,3				
		Lying on the right side	2,2				

Conditioning: (A.R.) As Received, original <u>Breathing Resistance</u>: <u>Exhalation</u>

Article 7.16

			Exhalation Resistance				
Condition No. of Sample		The dummy head position	Flow Rate 160 L/min	Requirements in accordance with EN 149;2001 + A1;2009	Result		
		Facing directly	2,0				
(A.R.) 31	Facing vertically upwards	2,1					
	31	Facing vertically downwards	1,9	FFP1 ≤ 3			
		Lying on the left side	2,1				
	Lying on the right side	2,0	FFP2 ≤ 3	Passed			
		Facing directly	2,2				
(S.W) 1	Facing vertically upwards	2,2	$FFP3 \leq 3$				
	1	Facing vertically downwards	2,0				
		Lying on the left side	2,2				
		Lying on the right side	2,0				

Conditioning: (A.R.) As Received, original (S.W.) Simulated wearing treatment Breathing Resistance: Exhalation

Article 7.16

			Exhalation Resistance				
Condition No. of Sample		The dummy head position	Flow Rate 160 L/min	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result		
		Facing directly	2,1				
(S.W.) 2	Facing vertically upwards	2,0					
	2	Facing vertically downwards	2,0	FFP1 ≤ 3			
		Lying on the left side	2,1				
	Lying on the right side	1,9	$FFP2 \leq 3$	Passed			
		Facing directly	2,0				
(S.W) 3	Facing vertically upwards	2,3	$FFP3 \leq 3$				
	Facing vertically downwards	2,0					
90 5		Lying on the left side	2,1				
		Lying on the right side	2,1				

Conditioning: (S.W.) Simulated wearing treatment <u>Breathing Resistance</u>: <u>Exhalation</u>

Article 7.16

			Exhalation Resistance				
Condition	No. of Sample	The dummy head position	Flow Rate 160 L/min	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result		
		Facing directly	2,0				
		Facing vertically upwards	2,1				
(T.C.) 13	13	Facing vertically downwards	1,9	FFP1 ≤ 3			
		Lying on the left side	1,9				
		Lying on the right side	2,0	$FFP2 \leq 3$	Passed		
		Facing directly	2,2				
(T.C.) 14	Facing vertically upwards	2,2	$FFP3 \leq 3$				
	Facing vertically downwards	2,2					
		Lying on the left side	2,2				
		Lying on the right side	2,2				

Conditioning: (T.C.) Temperature Conditioning

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	Breathing Resista	nce : Exhalatio	on					
					Exhalation Resistance			
	Condition	No. of Sample	The dummy head position	Flow Rate 160 L/min	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 A1:2009	Result		
Article			Facing directly	2,0	FFP1 ≤3			
7.16			Facing vertically upwards	2,1	End Section S			
	(T.C.)	15	Facing vertically downwards	1,9	FFP2 ≤ 3	Passed		
	(1.0.)		Lying on the left side	2,0	EED2 < 2			
			Lying on the right side	2,1	FFP3 ≤ 3			
	Conditioning: (T	.C.) Temperatu	re Conditioning					
Article 7.17.2		and the second s	to Particle Filtering Half Mask which the ling test is optional test. For re-usable deviation of the line is a second test.		х.)			
Article 7,17.3	Penetration of fil	ter material: T	his test is not applied to Particle Filte	ring Half Mask w	thich is not reusable.			
Article 7.18	Demountable Par	ts: There are n	o demountable parts on the product.					
Article 9	Marking – Packa	ging: Necessar	y markings are available on the produ	act and its packag	ing.			
Article	Information to b	supplied by t	he manufacturer: In each of the sm	allest commercial	ly available packaging of the production	ct, implementatio		

PREPARED BY	APPROVED BY
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